HEALTH and CLIMATE CHANGE: Impacts and a framework for health protection

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4 Key Messages

- Climate change is a serious threat to health – now and in the future
- Tacking climate change is a global health opportunity
- The global health community mobilized to respond to climate change
- Protecting health is a collective undertaking:
 - Mitigation is good for the planet and is very good for health
 - Adaptation within the health sector and within health supporting sectors

THE LANCET

The Lancet Commission 2009

"Climate change is the biggest global health threat of the 21st century."

See The Lancet Commissions nace 1503

THE LANCET

Health and climate change



"Tackling climate change could be the greatest global health opportunity of the 21st Century"

The Lancet Commission 2015

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The global public health community mobilized

2014: WHO 1st Global conference on health and climate change

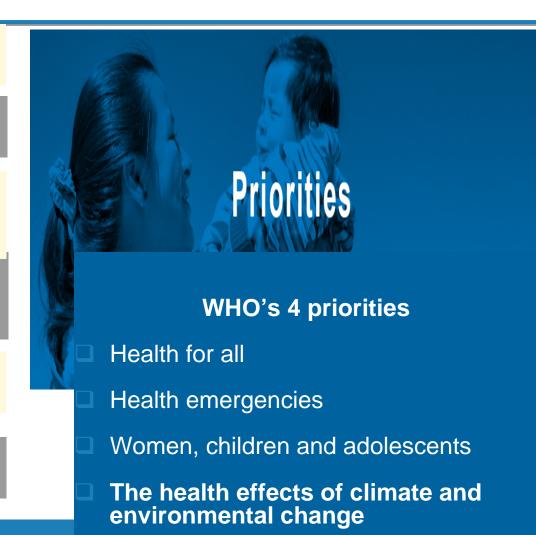
2016 WHO 2nd Global conference on health and climate change

2016: COP22 Ministerial Declaration on Health, Environment and Climate Change

2017: WHO current Director General elected. Climate change one of his 4 priorities

2017: COP23 WHO launched the SIDS Health and Climate Change Initiative.

2018: WHO 3rd Global Conference on health and climate change



TOP 10 CAUSES OF DEATH FROM THE ENVIRONMENT

23% of global deaths (12.8 M) is linked to modifiable environmental conditions

9_{th}

INTENTIONAL

INJURIES 246 000

MALARIA

10 th

259 000

RESPIRATORY

INFECTIONS 567 000

8_{th}



HOW THE ENVIRONMENT

deaths (12.6 IMPACTS OUR HEALTH People are exposed to risk factors in their homes, work places and communities through: environmental will be adversely impacted by climate change. 7 Million Deaths **AIR POLLUTION** including indoors and CLIMATE outdoors CHANGE **BUILT** DY. **ENVIRONMENTS** INADEQUATE including housing WATER, SANITATION and roads and hygiene ᇎᄼ AGRICULTURAL **CHEMICALS PRACTICES** and biological agents including pesticide-use. waste-water reuse RADIATION OCCUPATIONAL COMMUNITY ultraviolet and ionizing RISKS

NOISE



#EnvironmentalHealth

23% of annual global million deaths) are linked to modifiable

conditions, all of which

#ClimateChange

WHETHER YOU LIVE IN A...







CLIMATE CHANGE THREATENS YOUR HEALTH

Drought, floods and heat waves will increase.







Vector-borne diseases, like malaria and dengue virus will increase with more humidity and heat.

Basic necessities will be disrupted...



FOOD

Hunger and famine will increase as food production is destabilised by drought.



AIR

Pollution and pollen seasons will increase leading to more allergies and asthma.



WATER

Warmer waters and flooding will increase exposures to diseases in drinking and recreational waters.

23% of annual global deaths (12.6 million deaths) are linked to modifiable environmental conditions, all of which will be adversely impacted by climate change.



WHO IS AT RISK OF CLIMATE CHANGE?

Those living in poverty, as well as women, children and the elderly.

Outdoor workers and people living with chronic medical conditions.

Children are the most vulnerable due to long exposure to environmental risks.



Those living in megacities, small island developing states and other coastal, mountainous and polar regions.

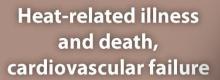
Countries with **weak health systems** will be least able to prepare and respond.

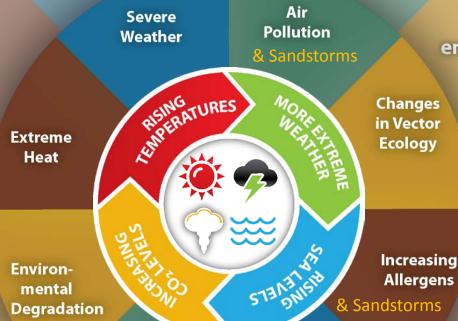


Impact of Climate Change on Human Health

Injuries, fatalities, mental health impacts

Asthma, cardiovascular disease





Malaria, dengue,
encephalitis, hantavirus,
Rift Valley fever,
Lyme disease,
chikungunya,
West Nile virus

Respiratory

allergies, asthma

Forced migration, civil conflict, mental health impacts

Water and Food Supply Impacts

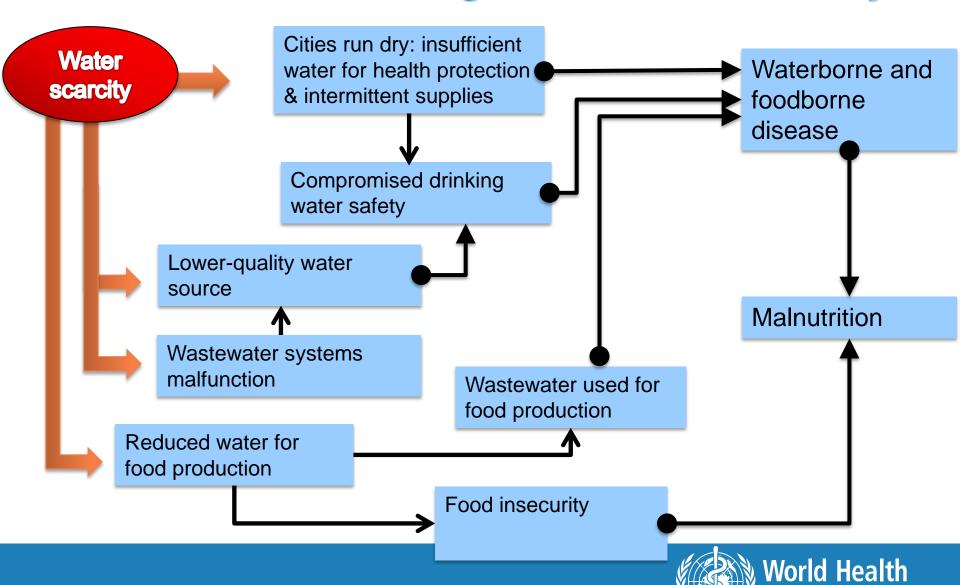
Water
Quality Impacts

Malnutrition, diarrheal disease

Cholera,
cryptosporidiosis,
campylobacter, leptospirosis,
harmful algal blooms

Source: CDC

Health, climate change, and water scarcity



-Floods & Dust Storms in the Mediterranean

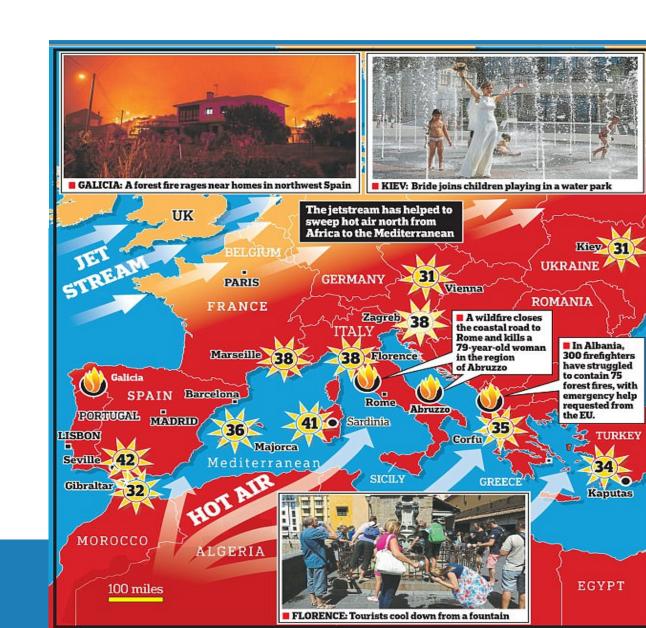




Dust Storms More frequent Longer duration More intense

Heat Waves

- More frequent.
- Last longer.
- More extreme



Vector-borne diseases in the Mediterranean

Mosquito-borne

- Dengue fever
- Chikungunya
- Malaria
- West Nile fever

(WNF)



Sandfly-borne

Leishmaniasis



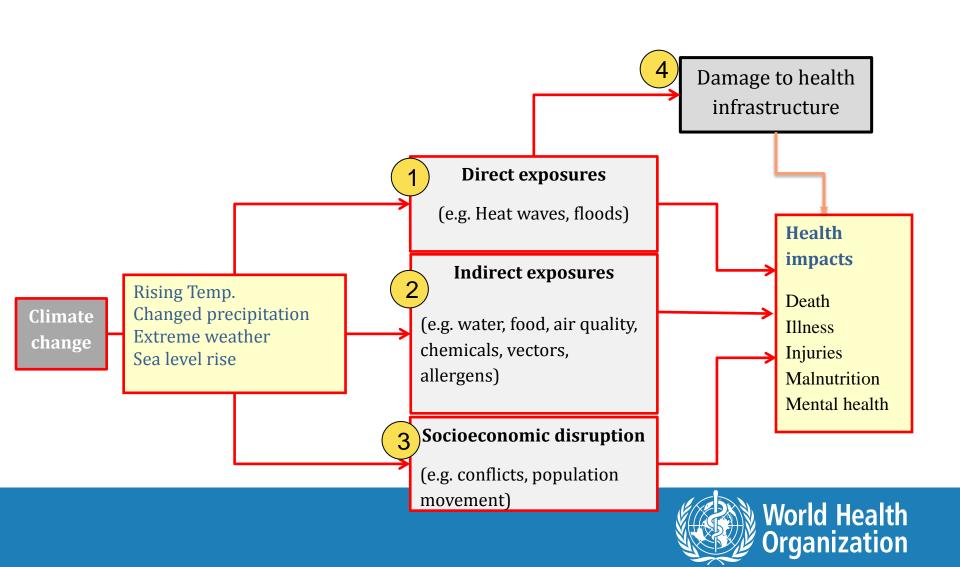
Tick-borne

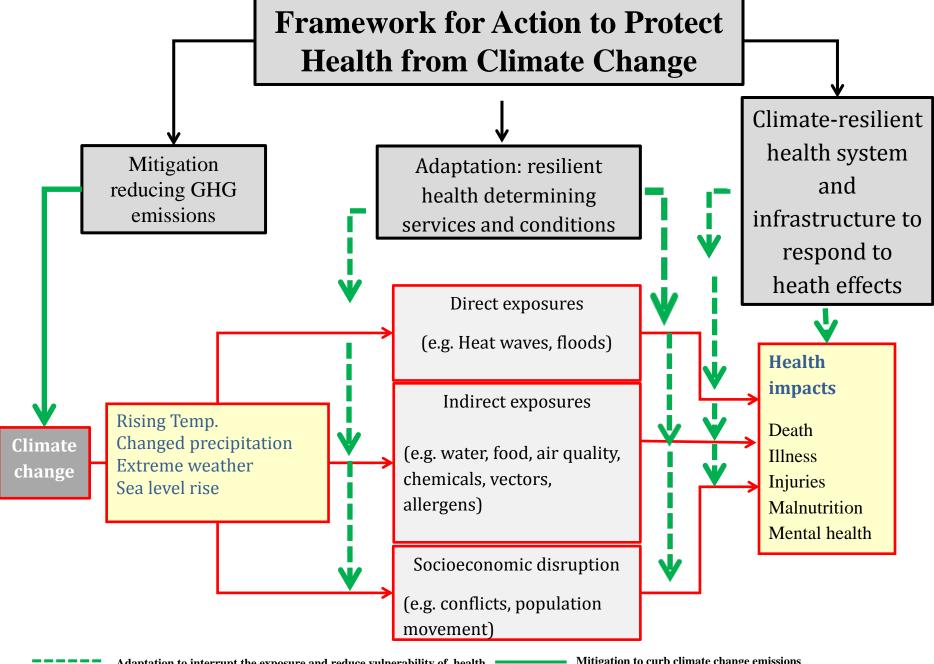


- Lyme disease
- Tick-borne encephalitis (TBE)
- Crimean—Congo haemorrhagic fever
- 77 000 Europeans on average fall sick from vector-borne diseases every year.
- Mosquito species, such as Aedes aegypti, are re-emerging, and Ae. albopictus is emerging.
- Source: WHO/EURO/ECEH



Climate Change and Health: Pathways



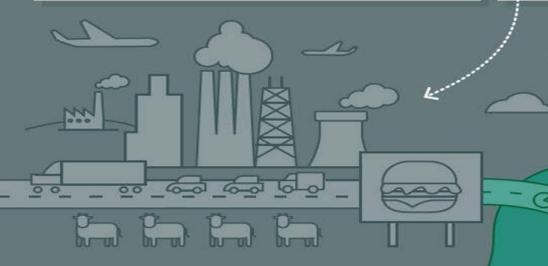


WHAT CAN WE DO ABOUT CLIMATE CHANGE?

Clean air is good for health

Our transport systems are inefficient, polluting and drive CO2 into the atmosphere, which directly harms the environment and our health.

The same can be said of our energy and food systems. The livestock sector is responsible for significant greenhouse gas emissions.



CLEAN ENERGY

Cleaner, more efficient energy choices will go a long way to reducing emissions.

SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT

Instead, we should walk, cycle and use public transit.
This will clean the air, increase physical activity, and reduce additional diseases like obesity.

SUSTAINABLE FOOD SYSTEMS & HEALTHY DIETS

Cutting down on red and processed meat and increasing fruit and vegetable intake in high-consuming populations will reduce emissions and diseases like cancer and heart disease.



Health systems can lead by example! Reduce its contribution to GHG.



Global Green and Healthy Hospitals | Agenda Goals



Leadership

Prioritize environmental health as a strategic imperative



Chemicals

Substitute harmful chemicals with safer alternatives



Waste

Reduce, treat and safely dispose of healthcare waste



Energy

Implement energy efficiency and clean, renewable energy generation.



Water

Reduce hospital water consumption and supply potable water



Transportation

Improve transportation strategies for patients and staff



Food

Purchase and serve sustainably grown, healthy food



Pharmaceuticals

Prescribe appropriately, safely manage and properly dispose of pharmaceuticals



Buildings

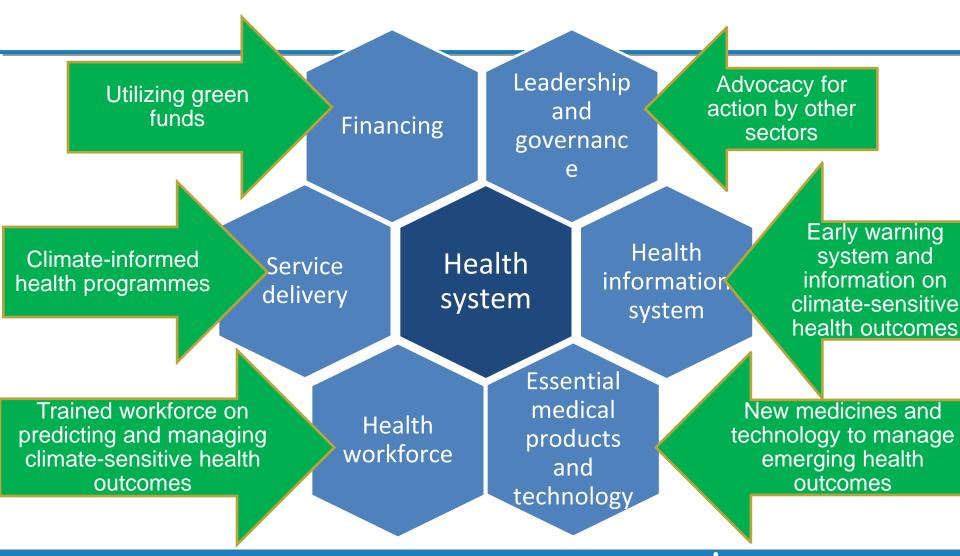
Support green and healthy hospital design and construction



Purchasing

Buy safer and more sustainable products and materials

Climate-resilient health systems





Turn the climate challenge into a health opportunity by building resilience within the health supporting sectors-



Organization
#EnvironmentalHealth



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